

Massachusetts Animal Coalition

Working together to decrease the number of homeless, neglected, displaced and abused animals in Massachusetts.

Shelter & Rescue Regulations Survey Results

Sponsored by Massachusetts Animal Coalition

Presented at the MAC Annual Meeting September 2007

Generously Supported by Boston Research Group

Agenda

- Survey Objectives
- Methodology
- Respondent Profile
- DAR Emergency Order, Proposed Regulations
- Key Findings
 - Importation Activities
 - Attitudes & Opinions on Importation and Regulation
 - Impact of DAR Emergency Order
- Conclusions

Survey Objectives

- To determine extent and nature of animal importation into Massachusetts
- To examine experience with and attitudes toward regulation and importation
- To determine effects of DAR emergency order on importation and adoption

Methodology

- Web survey
- List compiled from MAC member database, orgs listed on Petfinder, ACO listings, etc
- Invitations were sent via email and mail
 - 610 contacts in total, 579 with valid email and/or mail addresses (43% with email, w/ or w/o mail)
 - 58% of total contacts were ACOs

Response Rate

- 420 invitations sent via snail mail postcards and email
 - Limited the number sent to ACOs so they would not dominate sample (80 to ACOs with email addresses; 30% to ACOs via snail mail)
- 22% response rate = 92 completes
 - 66% response rate for Rescues
 - 19% response rate for ACOs

Stats Refresher – Confidence Intervals

- Confidence Intervals let us know reliability of data
- Current Study Total Sample Size = 92
- For a Sample size of 100
 - confidence interval is +/- 9.8% at the 95% confidence level
 - If 20% of the sample indicate option A, we are 95% confident that the real % is between 10.2% and 29.8%
- Detecting differences between groups ability depends on sample size
 - Although our response rate is respectable, sample sizes in segments too small to detect differences in most cases

Key Findings

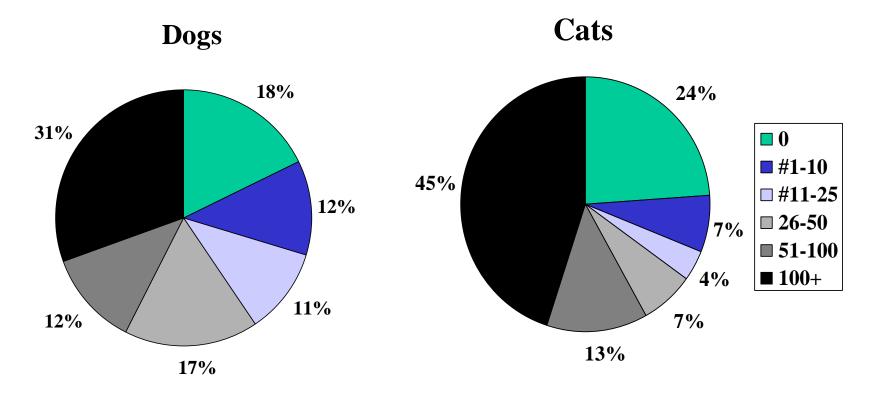
Part 1: Organizations/Respondents Profile

Organization Profile

- Majority of respondents were from shelter/rescue organizations (68%) or Animal Control (19%)
- Most organizations worked with both dogs and cats
 - Only 26% worked only with dogs while 17% worked only with cats
- 65% of orgs used foster homes in MA while 50% had a shelter in MA
 - 15% had multiple facilities
- Other stats:
 - 46% of orgs had been in existence 11+ years
 - 65% volunteer-based, 35% had paid staff
 - 68% were incorporated

n=92 (varies slightly depending on question)

Number of Animals Helped per Year

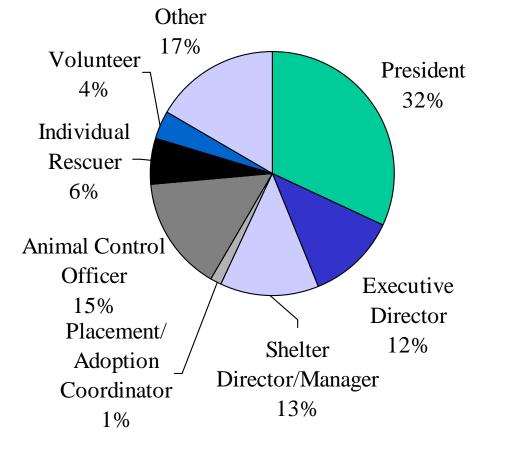


n=84

Respondent Title

Nearly 40% had worked/volunteered with org 10+ years

14% of respondents were members of MAC



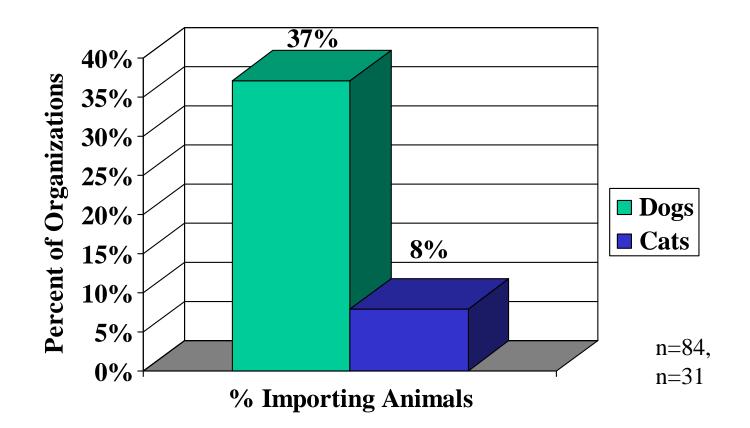
n=84

Key Findings

Part 2: Importation Activities

Animal Importation

•More organizations importing dogs than cats



Number of Animals Organizations Import

Dogs Imported

 $\blacksquare 0 \blacksquare 1 \text{ to } 10 \blacksquare 11 \text{ to } 25 \blacksquare 26-50 \blacksquare 51-100 \blacksquare 100+$

Cats Imported

n=84

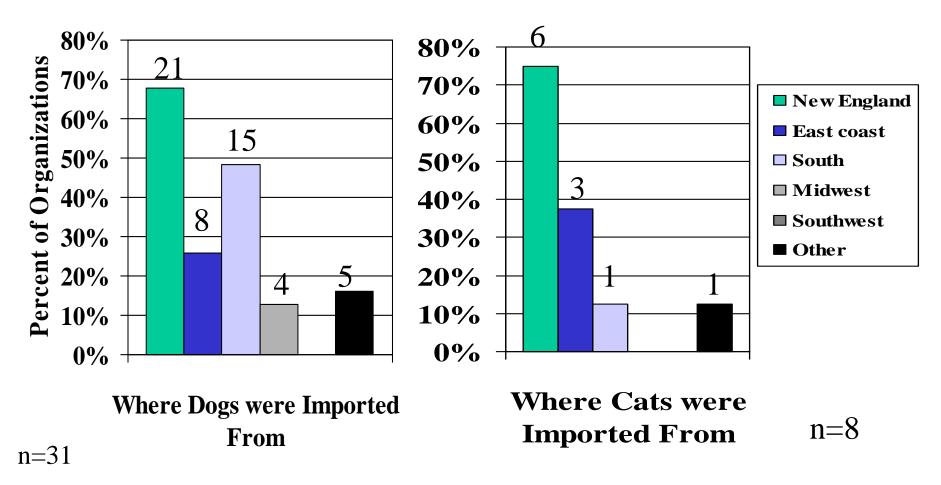
Average Number of Animals Imported

- Four organizations reported importing more than 500 dogs in 2005
- Importing Organizations are importing an average of 24 dogs (n=24), 36 (n=5) cats a year

Source of Imported Animals

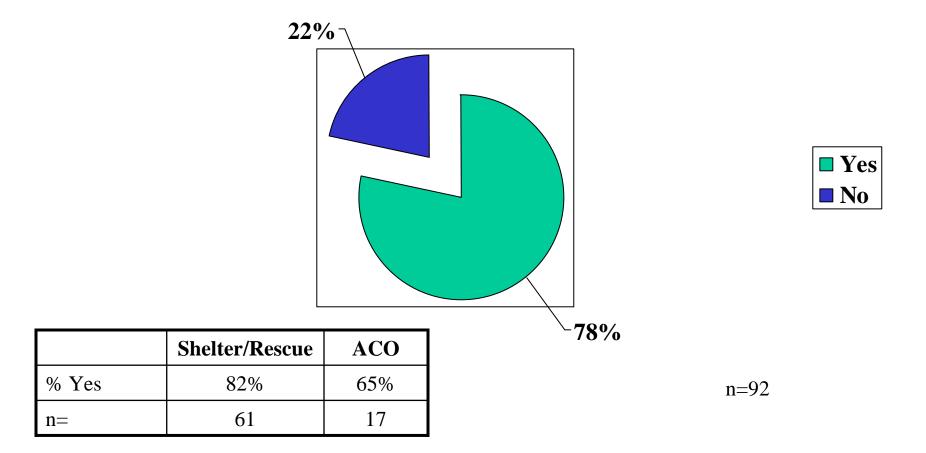
•New England states primary source of both dogs & cats

-South second most common source for dogs

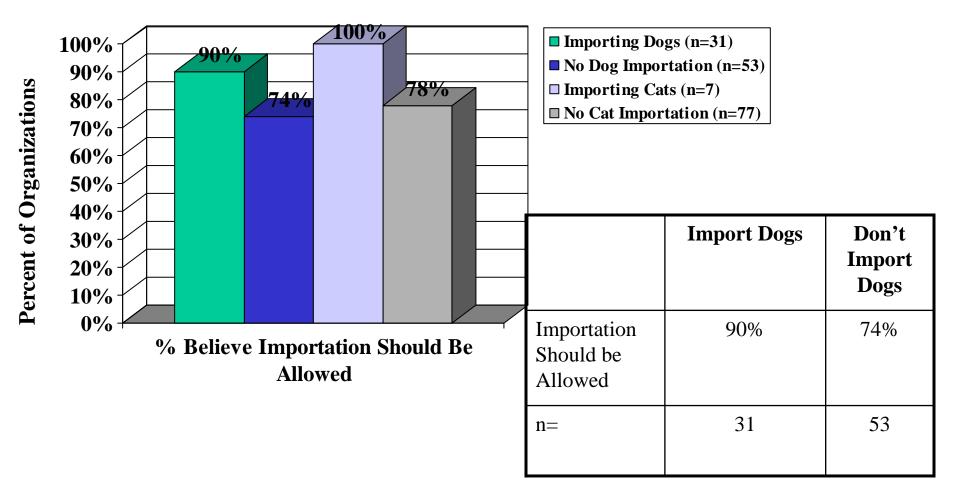


Opinion of Animal Importation

Q1. Do you believe that groups in Massachusetts should be able to bring animals in from out of state?



Opinion by Importation Activity

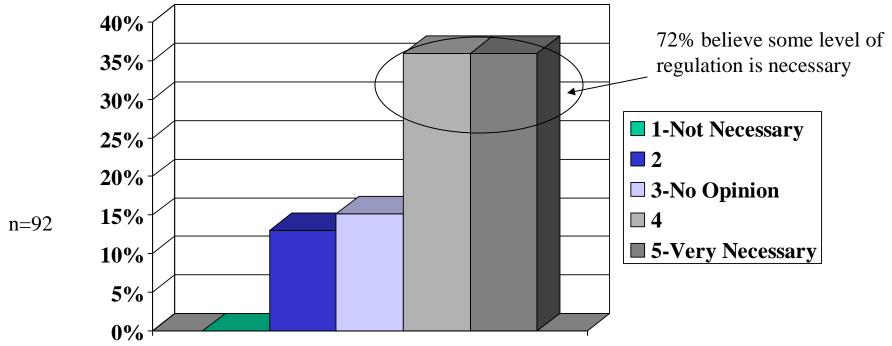


Key Findings

Part 3: Regulations and their Impact

Necessity of Regulating Animal Importation

Q5A. How necessary do you feel is some level of regulation for shelters and rescue organizations?



% Rating

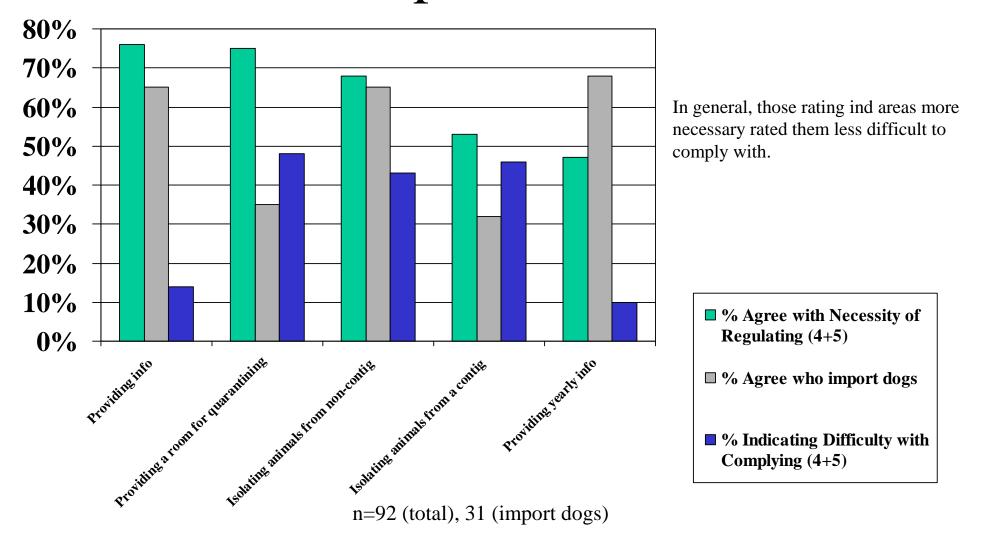
	Import	Don't Import
% Some Reg	82%	65%
n=	34	58

	Shelter/Rescue	ACO
% Some Reg	67%	82%
n=	61	17

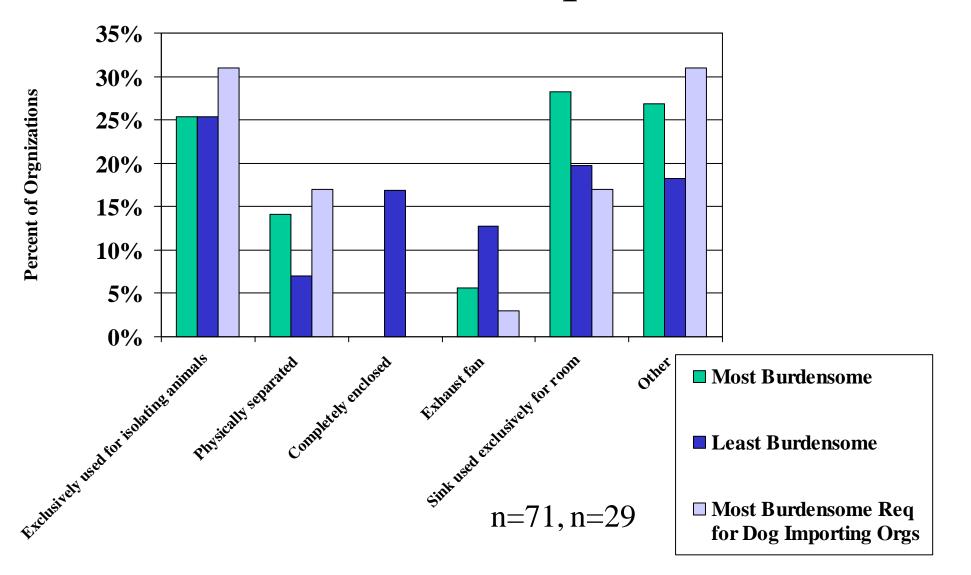
Activities to Regulate

- Rated Necessity of Regulating and Difficulty of Complying with 5 Key Activities
 - Providing information (health history, source, where housed & transported) to the state on animals brought in from other states/countries
 - Providing yearly information on numbers of animals adopted, euthanized, RTO, etc., to the state
 - Isolating animals upon entering the Commonwealth from a noncontiguous state/country for 48 hours
 - Isolating animals upon entering the Commonwealth from a contiguous state for 48 hours
 - Providing a room to be used for the purposes of quarantining sick or diseased animals or isolating newly acquired dogs and cats
- Scale from 1-5 on both necessity and difficulty

Regulating Aspects of Animal Importation



Isolation Room Requirements



Isolation Room Requirements for Dog Importing Organizations 30% 25% 20% 15% 10% 5% 0% Exhanst fan Physically separated Completely endosed Sink used exclusively for norm F.x.clusively used for isolating animals Other ■ Most Burdensome □ Least Burdensome

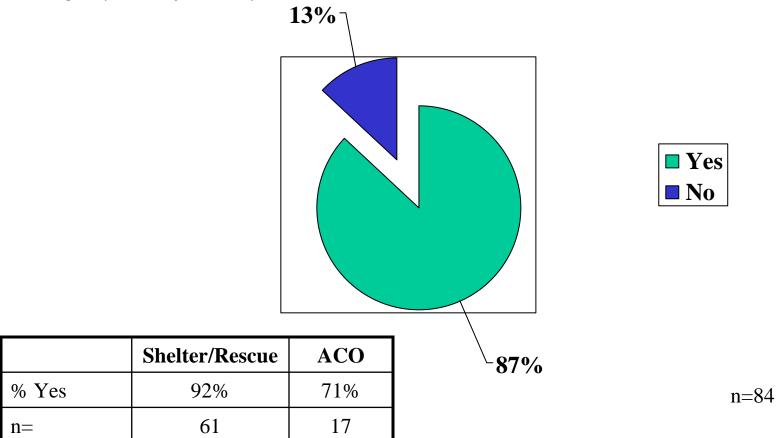
Percent of Organizations

DAR Regulations

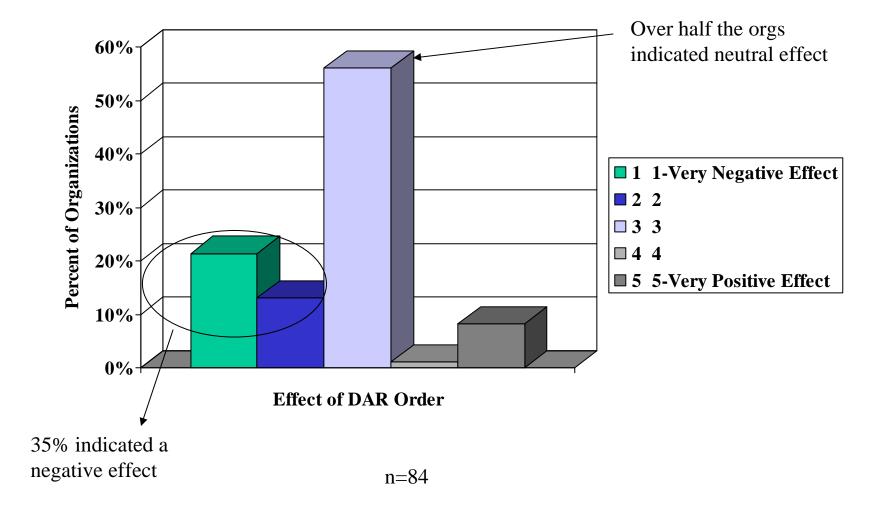
- Emergency Order activities regulated
- Proposed Permanent Regulations

DAR Emergency Order

Q9. Are you familiar with the Massachusetts Department of Agricultural Resources (DAR) Emergency Order from May 2005?



Effect of DAR Order



Impact of DAR Order

Compliance

	•	Use quarantine facilities approved by DAR	15%, 31%
• Use quarantine facilities approved by DAR 15%, 31%	T	ositive Impacts	
Use quarantine facilities approved by DAR 15% 31%	-	Ose quarantine facilities approved by DAR	1570, 5170
 Received DAR approval as quarantine facility 18%, 45% 			,
	•	Registered with DAR	59%, 79%

•	Improved record keeping	18%, 21%
•	Applied for/became a 501(c)(3)	8%, 10%

** The first percentage is everyone who responded to the question (n=71), the second percentage represents the responses of those organizations actively involved in importation (n=29)

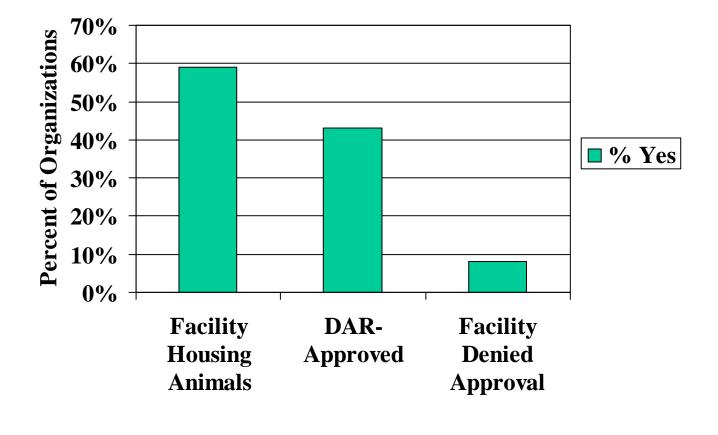
Impact of DAR Order

Impacts on Importation

Changed process for importation	23%, 41%
Stopped importation	23%, 17%
• Decreased importation but haven't stopped	15%, 31%
Changed standards for importation	14%, 24%
Changed source of animals	6%,7%
Other Impacts	
L L	
Experienced financial hardships	15%, 24%
Built or Adapted Facilities	14%, 24%
Changed our mission	4%, 3%
Terminated our operations	3%,7%

** The first percentage is everyone who responded to the question (n=71), the second percentage represents the responses of those organizations actively involved in importation (n=29)

DAR-Approved Shelters

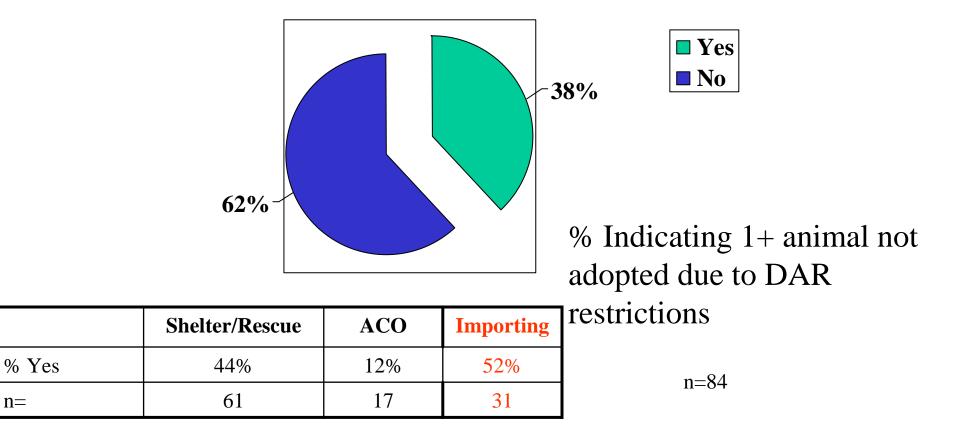


n=71 n=42 n=24

Impact of DAR Order on Adoptions

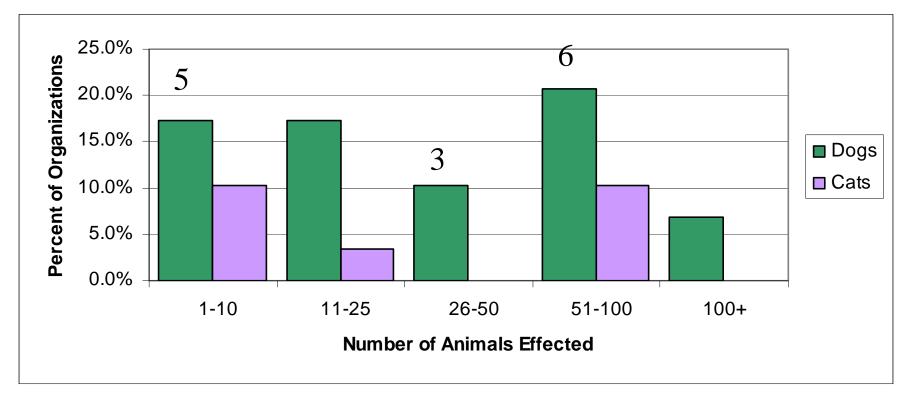
Q12. Have the DAR regulations impacted your ability to conduct adoptions in any way?

n=



Impact of DAR Order on Numbers Adopted

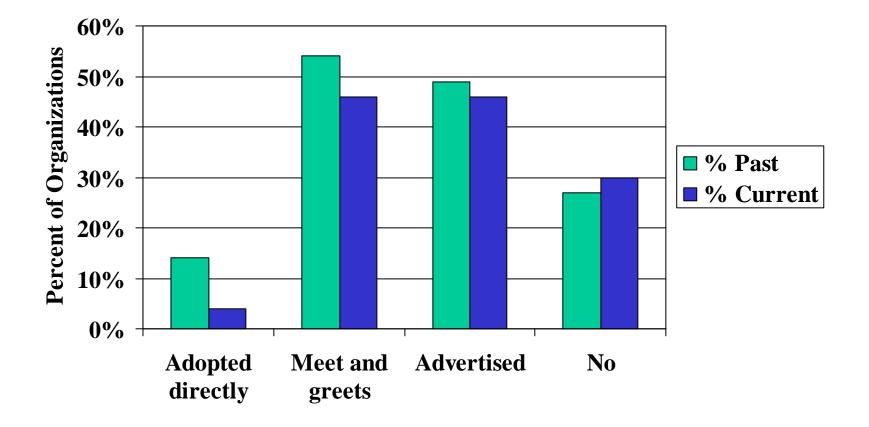
• 38% of organizations say the regulations have affected their ability to adopt



Number Dogs not adopted b/c of DAR order

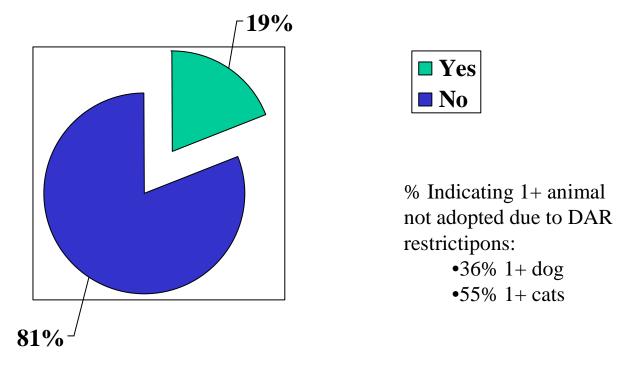
	DOGS
1 0	7%
2 1-10	13%
3 11-25	27%
4 26-50	13%
5 51-100	27%
6 100+	13%
n=	15

Pet Supply Store Adoption Activities



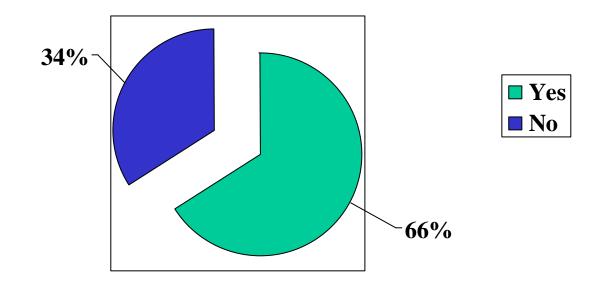
Impact of DAR Pet Store Orders on Adoptions

Q29. Has the DAR's limitation on the ability to adopt animals directly from a pet supply store that doesn't have a pet shop license impacted your ability to conduct adoptions?



Impact of Hearing

Q24. Would you be more likely to comply with regulatory standards that are set by the state if there was a right for you to have a hearing against any alleged violations?



Summary

- Importation is happening in Massachusetts
- Majority (78%) believe shelters and rescues should have ability to import animals
- Current regulations are having a negative impact on organizations ability to adopt (38% of all surveyed, 52% of organizations who are importing)
- Isolation and Quarantine Rooms are the most difficult regulations to comply with
- Despite difficulty, majority of organizations (72%) believe some level of regulation is necessary
- Key moving forward may be to look for ways to minimize negative impacts experienced by 35% of responding organizations